

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A liquid crystal display panel, comprising:

- a plurality of gate lines and data lines formed on a substrate;
- a plurality of pixel electrodes receiving data signals having different polarities from each other;
- a semiconductor layer formed along a direction of each of the data lines at a lower part of the data lines; and
- a plurality of light-shielding patterns formed along the direction of the data lines, wherein each of the light-shielding patterns overlap opposing edges of the data line and the semiconductor layer and width of the semiconductor layer is larger than a width of the data line.

Claim 2 (Canceled).

Claim 3 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 1, wherein the light-shielding patterns and the gate include the same materials.

Claim 4 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 3, wherein the light-shielding patterns include at least one of aluminum, aluminum-neodymium, and copper.

Claim 5 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 1, further comprising a protective film formed to cover the data line, and source and drain electrodes of a thin film transistor.

Claim 6 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 5, wherein the protective film includes inorganic insulating material.

Claim 7 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 6, wherein the light-shielding patterns are separated from the pixel electrode by about  $1\mu\text{m}$ , and a first one of the light-shielding patterns is separated from a second one of the light-shielding patterns by about  $4\mu\text{m}$ .

Claim 8 (Original): The liquid crystal display panel according to claim 5, wherein the protective film includes organic insulating material.

Claim 9 (Original): A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display panel, comprising the steps of:

forming a gate electrode, a gate line, and individual first and second light-shielding patterns on a substrate;

forming a gate insulating film on the substrate to cover the gate electrode, the gate line, and the individual first and second light-shielding patterns;

forming a semiconductor layer on the gate insulating film to partially overlap the individual first and second light-shielding patterns;

forming a data line on the gate insulating film to partially overlap the individual first and second light-shielding patterns and the semiconductor layer, a source electrode that is connected to the data line, and a drain electrode that faces the source electrode with the semiconductor layer therebetween;

forming a protective film having a contact hole that exposes a portion of the drain electrode; and

forming a plurality of pixel electrodes on the protective film,  
wherein adjacent ones of the pixel electrodes receive pixel voltages having different polarities.

Claim 10 (Original): The method according to claim 9, wherein the protective film includes inorganic insulating material.

Claim 11 (Original): The method according to claim 10, wherein the light-shielding patterns are separated from the pixel electrodes by about  $1\mu\text{m}$ , and a first one of the light-shielding patterns is separated from a second one of the light-shielding patterns by about  $4\mu\text{m}$ .

Claim 12 (Original): The method according to claim 9, wherein the protective film includes organic insulating material.

Claim 13 (Original): The method according to claim 9, wherein the first and second light-shielding patterns include at least one of aluminum, aluminum-neodymium, and copper.

Claim 14 (New): A liquid crystal display panel, comprising:

- a plurality of gate lines and data lines formed on a substrate;
- a plurality of pixel electrodes receiving data signals having different polarities from each other;
- a semiconductor layer formed along a direction of each of the data lines at a lower part of the data lines to extend past edge portions of the data lines; and
- a plurality of light-shielding patterns formed along the direction of the data lines to extend past the edge portions of the data lines.

Claim 15 (New): A method of fabricating a liquid crystal display panel, comprising the steps of:

- forming a gate electrode, a gate line, and individual first and second light-shielding patterns on a substrate;
- forming a gate insulating film on the substrate to cover the gate electrode, the gate line, and the individual first and second light-shielding patterns;
- forming a semiconductor layer on the gate insulating film to partially overlap the individual first and second light-shielding patterns;

forming a data line on the gate insulating film to partially overlap the individual first and second light-shielding patterns and the semiconductor layer;  
forming a protective film on the data line; and  
forming a plurality of pixel electrodes on the protective film.